## Example of Key Stage 3 Student Work – Latin and Classics

The following gives some examples of the level of work covered in Latin and Classics in Year 7 and 8, including details of how we expect students to set out their work and engage with feedback received. Students who follow these steps, review which of the Core Concepts requires the most development and respond to the individual feedback the have been given, will make the most progress.

## **Classwork and homework**

| Work is neatly presented has a date and underlined   |  |
|--|--|
| The learning objective of the lesson is recorded.  | Nominative and Acusative<br>LO: To undestand these terms, recognise the case<br>of norms and translate them accurately. Also, to<br>dearn about what a forum was.  |
|  | Endings red norms change as their role in a<br>sentence changes. We call the form of the norma-<br>case<br>Normative case (subject)<br>Accusative case (object)  |
| Students ensure key<br>grammatical points are<br>clear, neat and<br>highlighted, which is<br>important for reference | Example<br>caris in sepulchro stat. Gisco caren vorat.<br>The dog stands on the tomb. Gisco calls the dog.<br>notes  |
| and revision. The core<br>concepts expect<br>students to know the<br>forms of nouns,<br>adjectives and verbs.        | Nours bollow suggerent patterns. We call these patter<br>no decelersions.<br><u>gerninine masculine both</u><br>1 <sup>st</sup> dec 2 <sup>nd</sup> dec 3 <sup>nd</sup> dec<br>nom speulla servis conis Any other<br>acc puelan serving cover ending |

the parrot for sale ? Are you selling the parrot? Merchant - No, I sell food The paroot is mine. porrot-You are a live! You are a live! Sabina - Certainly, you are a hor. You are a Het thief! Saleina calls the parrot. The parrot flies to Sabina, Quartella laughs Sabina holds the partot and ours out of the market . or forum

Work is spaced out neatly and translations are done on alternate lines. Students use green pen to make notes and mark and correct their work during feedback episodes in lessons.

| her marked work   |  | A diligence gra<br>is given.  |
|---|--|---|
| 34 Part A: Translation and comprehension (CC2)<br>Target code: 2B<br>Write your target here: To give the correct level, of<br>defaultion the with here many marks<br>the question is worth. | ( ceteren<br>3. al chcilla, antic<br>0) Quarfillam, (  | et Quartilla<br>us, Quartilla<br>carem.   |
| Follow Up Task code:   Part B: Grammar Analysis (CC3)   Target code:  | read what the a<br>said after sabir  | 1 part A because -<br>vestion 5 - 1 didn't poperty<br>westion said, as the grass<br>1a introduces becentf? I all<br>mominative and accusative |
| Write your target here: To manipulate names<br>into different for MS  | (C3) 12. It sertics<br>III curves<br>III curve |   |
| Follow Up Task code:  | Canis vites new<br>The dog tide sees   |   |

A target is given using a code which directly relates to one of the core concepts. Students then complete a follow up task, which may take the form of an instruction, extension, or question asking students to explain core grammar rules. Students must carry out this work in green pen.